IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior listings:

1.   (Currently Amended) Method of manufacturing a diffusing reflector comprising
the processes of:

preparing a substrate;

forming a first resin film having photosensitivity on said substrate;

providing gathering of pillar-shaped bodies isolated from each other through patterning
of said resin film with photolithography;

deforming gently said pillar-shaped bodies through a reflow;

forming an uneven surface layer having the maximum inclination angle of under 12^0 by
coating with a thin layer of a second resin said gently deformed pillar-shaped bodies and
covering with [[a]] the second resin open flat spaces located between said isolated pillar-shaped
bodies to form one concave gap between two adjacent isolated pillar-shaped bodies so that upper
end portions of said two adjacent isolated pillar-shaped bodies are higher than a lower end
portion of said one concave gap in the thickness direction of the diffusing reflector, thereby
minimizing an occurrence of a flat surface area on said substrate; and

forming a metal film on said uneven surface layer.

2.   (Original) Method of manufacturing a diffusing reflector as claimed in claim 1,
wherein said maximum inclination angle is about 10^0.

3.   (Cancelled).

4.   (Previously Presented) Method of manufacturing a diffusing reflector as claimed
in claim 1, wherein said reflow process is a heat treatment under the temperature of about 220^0C.

5.   (Previously Presented) Method of manufacturing a diffusing reflector as claimed
in claim 1, wherein gathering of polygonal pillar-shaped bodies isolated each other by the
divided patterning of said first resin film by said photolithography is provided.

6.   (Previously Presented) Method of manufacturing a diffusing reflector as claimed in claim 5, wherein said first resin film is patterned by the divided patterning means so that size of gap between said polygonal pillar-shaped bodies isolated each other is almost equal to a minimum resolution of photolithography.